## DEFENSIVE AND COMPETITIVE BIDDING

OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; 1/2 Level; Reopening)
At 1 level 8-18 HCP, usually $5+$ cards, 4 card overcall with length in RHO's suit At 2 level Sound. Responses:New suit=NF, Cue Bid=10+doesn't promise SUPP
 CUE at 3 level= Mixed Raise, CUE at 4 level= SPL in OPPT's suit. In Balancing Position : General style same as above, strength wise weaker. Responses - same as above
1NT OVERCALL (2nd/4th Live; Responses; Reopening) 2nd/4th Live : 15-18 HCP Balanced, Promises stopper in opponent's suit Responses same as after 1NT opening except TRF to OPPT's suit 5 cards In Balancing Position : 11-16 HCP, doesn't promise stopper in opponent's sui $(1 \mathrm{~m})-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{P})-1 \mathrm{NT}=11-14,(1 \mathrm{M})-\mathrm{P}-(\mathrm{P})-1 \mathrm{NT}=11-16$, Responses same as above $2=$ Stayman, Response with Max bid 2NT when $3=$ ReSTAYMAN
JUMP OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; Unusual NT)
WEAK except at VUL and Sandwiched Position=STR In Balancing - Jumps are strong

Unusual NT : 2NT shows two lower unbid suits DIRECT AND JUMP CUE BIDS (Style; Responses; Reopen) Direct Cue ( $1 \mathrm{x}-2 \mathrm{x}$ ) = MICHAELS Cue ( $10+$ HCP) Jump Cue $(1 x-3 x)=$ Solid minor suit, invites 3 NT with a stopper

## VS. NT (vs. Strong/ Weak; Reopening; PH


2NT-Single suiter PRE, $3-\& \downarrow / \vee / \downarrow, 3 \uparrow-\& M, 3 \downarrow-\downarrow \&$ all 3 -level $15+5-5$ ) Weak NT : Cappelletti, $2 \mathrm{NT}=$ both minors, 3 X same as against Strong NT VS. PREEMPTS (Doubles; Cue-bids; Jumps; NT bids)
DBL=T/O (Pass on RDBLE=Penalty), Leaping Michaels (5-5+ Game INV) $3 M-4 m=5+O M \& 5+m$ (Game INV)
Lebensohl after T/O of NAT 2X, CUE= Both M/Both $m$
$(2 \star)-4=\&$ and $(2 \star)-4 \star=\&$
Vs. Multi 2 - ? See[21]

## VS. ARTIFICIAL STRONG OPENINGS

DBL= Both Majors, NT= Both minors, may be very weak hand Rest all Natural.

## OVER OPPONENTS' TAKEOUT DOUBLE

RDBLE usually deny FIT; 1X=4+ suit $F$, single Raise may be weak, See[15.1] Double Raise=Mixed, After 1M-Dble TRF at 1 or 2 level See[16.1] 1X-(DBL)-2Y (jump)= FIT, 1X-(DBL)-3Y (double jump)= Preemptive

## LEADS AND SIGNALS

| OPENING LEADS STYLE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lead |  |  | In Partner's suit |  |
| Suit | 3rd or 5th |  |  | 3rd or 5th, top from doubleton |  |
| NT | Generally 4th best, 3rd from 3 |  |  | 4th (3rd from 3), top from doubleton |  |
| Subseq | same |  |  | same |  |
| Vs. NT, K asks for ATT and A or Q asks UB or CT |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEADS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lead | Vs. Suit |  |  | Vs. NT |  |
| Ace | AK( + ), Ax |  |  | Asks UB or CT, AKJ10( + ) |  |
| King | KQ ${ }^{(+), ~ A K}$ |  |  | Asks for ATT, AKX, KQx |  |
| Queen | Qx, QJ, QJx, QJ10x |  |  | Asks UB of J or CT, KQ109 |  |
| Jack | KJ10, Jx, J10, J10x |  |  | AJ10, KJ10, Jx, J10x |  |
| 10 | H109x, 109x, 10x |  |  | H109x, 109x, 10x |  |
| 9 | 9x |  |  | 9x, |  |
| Hi-x | Xx, denies H |  |  | Xx , denies H |  |
| Lo-x | Low promises atleast 10 |  |  | Low promises atleast 10 |  |
| SIGNALS IN ORDER OF PRIORITY |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Partner's Lead <br> ATT (Lo = ENCRG) | Declarer's Lead |  | Discarding |
| Suit | 1 |  | Count (Hi = Even) |  | ATT (Lo = ENCRG) |
|  | 2 | Count (Hi = Even) | S/P (STD) |  | Count (Hi = Even) |
|  |  |  | ATT (Lo = ENCRG) |  | S/P (STD) |
| NT | 1 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { ATT (Lo = ENCRG) } \\ \hline \text { Count ( } \mathrm{Hi}=\text { Even) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Normal Smith |  | Smith/Lavinthal |
|  | 2 |  | Count (Hi = Even) |  | Count (Hi = Even) |
|  | 3 | S/P (STD) | S/P ( |  | S/P (STD) |

1) Smith Echo vs NT: Hi-Low shows interest from both sides
2) Trump Echo vs Suit: Hi-Low in Trumps shows 3 and interest in ruff 3) ATT=U/D; Count, S/P Signal and Smith Echo =Normal; 1st discard =Odd/Even

## DOUBLES

TAKEOUT DOUBLES (Style; Response; Reopening)
Strength of immediate hand at 1 level=(10)11+ HCP, 2 level 13+, 3 level 14+ Tends to have $3+$ cards in all 3 suits unless very strong (good one suited hand) Takeout Dbl upto 4 $\downarrow$, Responses : See [20] Reopening : same as above, may be 1 Q less.
SPECIAL, ARTIFICIAL AND COMPETITIVE (RE-)DOUBLES

1) Negative double upto $3 \& \&$ after that values.
2) Responsive dbl, Extended responsive dbl, Snapdragon dbl, Cards dbl,

Competitive dbl and Co-operative dbl.
3) Support Dbl/RDbl - 3 card support (doesn't show extra values)
4) Slam Dbl - Lightner for unusual lead 5 ) Rdbl doubled cue bid - A or void
6) Stayman or transfer bid dbl - Shows suit
7) Rosencranz double shows a top honour in partner's overcalled suit 8) (1NT)-P-(3NT)-DBL asks partner to lead his shorter major.

## WBF Convention Card

$\wedge$ •
Category: Green
NCBO: INDIA
EVENT: Bermuda Bowl 2015
PLAYERS:
Sumit MUKHERJEE
Debabrata MAJUMDAR

## SYSTEM SUMMARY

GENERAL APPROACH AND STYLE
5 card Majors (Semi-F 1NT), 3 card minors, Walsh Responses over 1 Most jump shift responses ART; many FIT bids; NAT weak 2-bids depending on VUL \& Pos (2nd seat sound); wide range overcalls (strongish at 2-level) Frequent WJO; frequent use of non-penalty DBL and ART 2NT in COMP 1st \& 3rd seat NV preempts can be destructive; 2nd \& 4th preempts CONST, 2/1 Game Force except rebids, Inverted raises over minors.
1NT Opening: (14+) 15-17 HCP (singleton possible)

## SPECIAL BIDS THAT MAY REQUIRE DEFENCE

1 $-2 \star$ =Mixed Raise ( $7-9$ HCP, $5+\boldsymbol{*}$ ) $1 \uparrow$ - $=$ Mixed raise (same as over $1 \boldsymbol{*}$ ). - Reverse Flannery Response: $1 \mathrm{~m}-2 \boldsymbol{*}=5 \otimes / 4+\vee 6-8 \mathrm{HCP}, 1 \mathrm{~m}-2 \downarrow=5 \pm / 4+\downarrow$

9-11 HCP, Also See [5] and therefore $1 \mathrm{~m}-1 \mathbf{s}-1 \mathrm{NT}-2 \mathrm{v}=\mathrm{GF}$

- Inverted Raise over minors : $1 \mathrm{~m}-2 \mathrm{~m}=$ INV $10+\mathrm{HCP}, \mathrm{F}$ to 3 m . See [1]
- $1 \mathrm{~m}-2 \mathrm{NT}=11-12$ HCP BAL, 1M-2NT=12+ HCP BAL, 1M-3 $=$ Limit Raise
$-1 \boldsymbol{-}-2=$ Any splinter ( $8-10 / 15+$ ) See [9], 1 $1 \boldsymbol{}$ - $=$ Mixed Raise
$-1 \mathbf{s}=$ Any minor splinter ( $8-10 / 15+$ ), $1 \mathbf{s}-3 \boldsymbol{\psi}=\boldsymbol{\varphi}$ Splinter ( $8-10 / 15+$ ) See [9]
-TRF after 1M-Dbl, See [16.1] and TRF after 1X-(1\&), See [15.3] \&[16.2]
-3NT=Gambling at $1 / 2$ Seat, to play at $3 / 4$ Seat.
- Rubensohl, Also See [17] when opponents interfere over 1NT
- Michaels, Unusual 2NT, Leaping Michaels (over weak 2 bids)
$1-1=$ May be 3 -cards, $1 \mathrm{~m}-1 \mathrm{v} / \mathbf{4}=$ Can be 3 -cards rarely. -2-Way DRURY (1M-2 $=3$-card SUPP; -2 $=4$-card SUPP) by passed hand


## SPECIAL FORCING PASS SEQUENCES

PASS \& PULL shows Slammish hand,
$1 \mathrm{X}-(1 \mathrm{~N})$-DBL=Business, then Pass is Forcing upto $2 \vee$.

IMPORTANT NOTES THAT DON'T FIT ELSEWHERE
Sandwich overcall may be very weak, Third seat opening may be weak 2/3X-DBL-RDBL=TRF to next higher suit, new suit=lead directional and fit.

## PSYCHICS: Rare

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Supplementary Notes

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## Note 1 : Inverted Minors



## Note 2 : One of a minor - 1X - 2m (minor suit rebid) - ?

| 2.1 | 1* | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2* | $2 \vee$ | $=$ Artificial GF. |
|  |  | 2NT/3* $=$ NAT, inv. |  |
|  | 1* | $1 \checkmark$ |  |
|  | 2* | 2* = Artificial GF. |  |
|  |  | $2 \boldsymbol{\uparrow}=5+\uparrow$ and $4+\uparrow$ GF. |  |
|  | 1* | 1. |  |
|  | 2* | $2 *=A r t i f i c i a l ~ G F . ~$ |  |
|  |  | $2 \vee=4+\varphi$ and $5+$ GF. |  |
| 2.2 | $1 *$ | $1 \vee$ |  |
|  | 2 * | $2 \boldsymbol{A}=$ Artificial GF. |  |
|  |  | $3 \boldsymbol{A}=$ SPL, in favour of |  |
|  |  | $3 *=5+\bullet$ \& 5+*, forcing. |  |
|  |  | $4 \wedge=$ E.K.C. in favor of * |  |
|  | 1 * | $1 ヵ$ |  |
|  | 2 * | $2 \vee$ | = Artificial GF |
|  |  | 30 | = Splinter in favo |
|  |  | 3* | $=5+n \& 5+\infty$, fo |
|  |  | $4 \vee$ | = EKC in favor of |

## Note 3 : One of a minor - 4th Suit F

## 3.1

1*
1
1v 1ヵ $=4^{\text {th }}$ suit, GF with 4 As ;
$2 \mathrm{~A} \quad=4^{\text {th }}$ suit, GF without 4 As ;
$3 \star / \star / \vee \quad=$ NAT, INV
3 $\boldsymbol{A} / 4 \boldsymbol{*}=$ SPL in favour of $v$
$4 \star \quad=$ Game raise in $\vee \mathrm{s}$, with long $\leqslant$ \& slam try .
3.2 1* 1*

2ヵ $2 \boldsymbol{A}=4^{\text {th }}$ suit
3^ = SPL with $\% / \star$ support.
$4 \% /$ = Support with SPL in Om.

## Note 4 : One of a minor - 1X - 2NT - Wolf sign-off



## Note 5 : One of a minor - Reverse Flannery

```
5.1 1m 2%/a
    2NT = Enquiry
    30m = Asking for stopper
    3m}=N
    3४ = NF if responder bids 2^, INV if responder bids 2\vee.
    3^ = INV
    3NT = To Play
    4m = Sets the m if the m is Bm otherwise sets one of responder's suit. If opener has F
        hand with both m, opener needs to bid the 4th suit first ( primarily asking for
        check ) and then should bid the other minor.
    4M = To play
    4NT = RKC in & , to perform the RKC in }\uparrow\mathrm{ ,opener needs to bid the Om at 4 level
        and then have to bid 4NT.
```

$5.21 \mathrm{~m} \quad 2 \mathrm{~V}$ -
2NT $3 \boldsymbol{*}=5+\& \& 4+\boldsymbol{\varphi}$, $\boldsymbol{\bullet}$ fragment.
$3 \uparrow=5+\star \&+\downarrow$, fragment.


3NT $=5+\&$ \& $+\uparrow$, fragment.
4*/* = 5-5 Ms, 3 card $\%$
$4 \boldsymbol{v}=6 \boldsymbol{+}+5$

## Note 6 : One of a minor - 1M - 2M (can be 3 cards) - ?

| 6.1 1\% | 19 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2 \vee$ | 2^ |
| 2NT |  |
| 3* | $=64 \% 3 \%$ |
| 3. | $=1 ¢-3 \varphi-4 \uparrow-5$ 2 |
| 39 | = 4 card $\downarrow$, min |
| 3NT | $=4$ card $\uparrow$, balanced, max |
| 4* | $=2 \uparrow-4 \vee-2 \uparrow-5 \boldsymbol{*}$, max |
| 49 | $=4 \checkmark$ \& ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| 1* | $1{ }^{10}$ |
| 2V | $2 \wedge$ |
| 2NT | $3 \% / \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{NF}$ |
|  | $3 \uparrow=\downarrow$ fit |
|  | 3¢ $=$ fit, F |
|  | 3-/4 = 4 card $\vee$, spl |
|  | 4efit, F |
| 1* | $1{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 2v | $2 \wedge$ |
| 3* | $3 \star$ is singleton ask, $3 \checkmark$ is singleton \& 3 ¢ is singleton |

```
6.2 1* 1^
    2^ 2NT
    3% = 6* & 3A, after this 3* is singleton ask
    3* = 3 &-1`-4*-5*
    3` = 3@-4`-1 -5&
    3^ = 4 card &, min
    3NT = 4 card &, balanced, max
    4* = 4*-2`-2 -5%,max
    4\diamond/\downarrow = 4 card }\uparrow\mathrm{ , spl
    4@ = 4^& 6&
6.3 1* 1v
    2V 2^
    2NT = 4@-3`-5*-1&
    3* = 1&-3`-5/4 /&either way
    3* = 6*& 3` , no singleton ask is possible, so bids below 3NT are values and 4* sets *,
                any other bids set the M
    3४ = 4 card }\geqslant\mathrm{ , min
    3@/4\boldsymbol{e}=4 card \varphi, spl
    3NT = 4 card }>\mathrm{ balanced, max
    4* = 2&-4`-5*-2&,max
    4V = 4` & 6*
6.4 1* 1^
    2^ 2NT
    3* = 3@-1` - 5/4 /- either way
    3* = 6 & 3& , after this 3\vee is singleton ask
    3` = 3@-4`-5*-1&
    3@ = 4 card &,min.
    3NT = 4 card &, balanced, max
    4*/\vee = 4 card © spl
    4* = 4@-2`-5*-2&,max
    4. = 4@ & 6*
```

Note 7 : One of a minor - 1X - 1NT - 2C (check back) - ?

| 7.1 | 1* | 1* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1NT | 2\% |
|  | 2* | = Minimum, no M |
|  | $2 \vee$ | $=4$ cards $\downarrow$, may have 4 cards $\uparrow$. |
|  | 24 | $=4$ cards $\uparrow$, denies 4 cards $\downarrow$ |
|  | 2NT | = Maximum, denies M |
|  | 3\% | $=5$ cards * \& $3 \uparrow$, maximum |
|  | 3 | $=4$ cards $\downarrow$, min. |
|  | 3NT | $=4$ cards $\uparrow$, max. |


| 7.2 | 1* | 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1NT | 2* |
|  | 2* | $=$ Doubleton $\boldsymbol{\bullet}$, min or singleton $\boldsymbol{\bullet}$, max |
|  | 2 | $=$ Triplet on $\boldsymbol{\vee}$, min |
|  | 2 | = 4-3-3-3, max |
|  | 2NT | $=$ Doubleton $\downarrow$, max |
|  | 30 | $=$ triplet on $\downarrow$, 5 card good e, max, over $3 \boldsymbol{*}, 3$ is to know the doubleton |
|  | 3 | = 2-3-4-4, max |
|  | $3 \%$ | $=3-3-3-4, \max$ |
|  | 38 | = 4-3-2-4, max |
|  | 3NT | = 3-4-3-3, max |
| 7.3 | 1* | 1. |
|  | 1NT | 2* |
|  | 2* | $=$ Doubleton min, or singleton max. |
|  | 2 | = 4-3-3-3, max |
|  | 24 | $=$ Triple ton $\uparrow$, min |
|  | 2NT | $=$ Doubleton $\uparrow$, max |
|  | 320 | $=$ triple ton $\uparrow$, 5 card good , max, over 3 is to know the doubleton |
|  | 3 | $=3-2-4-4, \max$ |
|  | 34 | $=4-3-2-4, \max$ |
|  | 34 | = 3-3-3-4, max |
|  | 3NT | = 4-3-3-3, max |
| 7.4 | 1 | 19 |
|  | 1NT | 2* |
|  | 2* | $=$ Doubleton $\downarrow$, min or singleton $\downarrow$, max |
|  | 2 | $=$ Triple ton $\uparrow$, min |
|  | 24 | = 4-3-3-3, max |
|  | 2NT | $=$ Doubleton $\uparrow$, max |
|  | 30 | = 2-3-4-4, max |
|  | 3 | $=$ triplet on $\downarrow, 5$ card good $\downarrow$, max, over $3 \star$, $3 \downarrow$ is to know the doubleton |
|  | 34 | $=3-3-4-3, \max$ |
|  | 34 | = 4-3-4-2, max |
|  | 3NT | = 3-4-3-3, max |
| 7.5 | 1 | 1. |
|  | 1NT | 2* |
|  | 2* | $=$ Doubleton $\uparrow$, min or singleton $\uparrow$, max |
|  | 24 | = 3-4-3-3, max |
|  | 24. | $=$ Triple ton $\boldsymbol{\Delta}, \mathrm{min}$ |
|  | 2NT | $=$ Doubleton $\boldsymbol{\sim}$, max |
|  | 38 | $=3 \boldsymbol{-}-2 \boldsymbol{-}-4-4 \boldsymbol{e}$, max |
|  | 3 | $=$ triplet on $\uparrow, 5$ card good $\downarrow$, max, over $3 \star$, $3 \downarrow$ is to know the doubleton |
|  | $3 \%$ | = 4-3-4-2, max |
|  | $3{ }^{3}$ | $=3-3-4-3, \max$ |
|  | 3NT | $=4-3-4-2, \max$ |

## Note 8 : One of a Major - 2M (raise) - ?

```
8.1 1v 2v
    2^ = s/s game/slam try (Short Suit game/slam try).
    2NT = HSGT in or BAL Try with 6v (Help Suit Game/slam try).
    3%/$ = HSGT in %/*
    3 /4%/4* = void splinter.
    1『 2`
    2 2NT(Relay)
    3% = / / short
    3\vee = short
    3 = singleton & slam try.
    4* = / / singleton, slam try.
    1v 2v
    2NT 3^(Relay)
    3 =HSGT in a.
    3\vee =BAL Game Try with 6%.
8.2 14 24
    2NT = s/s game try
    3* = HSGT in or BALTry with 6 4.
    3*/3\downarrow = HSGT in }\downarrow/\downarrow\mathrm{ .
    4\diamond/*/\downarrow = void splinter.
    14 24
    2NT 3* (Relay)
    3*/\bullet = / / short
    34 = short
    4*/\diamond/\downarrow = singleton, slam try.
    14 24
    3* 3*(Relay)
    3v = HSGT in &.
    3^= BAL Game Try with 6^.
```


## Note 9 : One of a Major - Mini/Maxi Splinters - ?

```
9.1 1v
    2NT
    3*/\diamond/\vee = 8-10, SPL in %/\diamond/^ , after this 3^ from opener is to show that he
        has a singleton in one of the other two suits
    4v = 8-10, SPL in }\uparrow\mathrm{ , but game acceptation.
    3^/4%/* = 14+,SPL
9.2 1^
    3*
```

3*
3v = SPL in \&, 8-10 / 14+, now 3NT bid by opener shows that opener has a singleton in one of the other two suits, $4 *$ is the enquiry to know the singleton

3n = SPL in *, 8-10, now 3NT bid by opener shows that opener has a singleton in one of the other two suits, $4 *$ is the enquiry to know the singleton

3NT = void, 14+
4* $\quad=$ SPL in *, 14+, \& cue.
4 - A singleton, 14+, denying \& cue.
4 $\quad=$ SPL in $\uparrow, 14+$, denying * cue.
$4 \uparrow=8-10$, SPL in $\downarrow$, game acceptation.
9.3 1~

3*
3
$3 \vee$

3^ Pass $=$ SPL in $\boldsymbol{*}, 8$ - 10 .
3NT = \& void, 14+
4\% $=\AA \mathrm{A}$ singleton, $14+$
4 = SPL in $\oplus$, cue in , 14+
$4 \vee=$ SPL in \&, cue in $\vee, 14+$
$4 \wedge=$ SPL in $\&, 8-10$, but game acceptation.
9.4 1~
$3 v$
3^ Pass $=8-10$, SPL in $\downarrow$.
3NT = $\downarrow$ void, 15+
4* $=$ SPL in $\vee, 15+$, Cue in *
4 $\quad=$ SPL in $\vee, 15+$, cue in
4 $\downarrow=$ A Singleton, $15+$, denying Cue in $\because \&$
$4 \uparrow=$ SPL in $\vee, 8-10$, game acceptation

## Note 10 : One Spade - 1NT - 3C (ART) - 3D (Relay) - ?

10. 

| $1 ヵ$ | 1NT |
| :--- | :--- |
| $3 \%$ | 3 |

$3 \vee=$ As \& vs, GF
$3 \wedge=6 \wedge S \& 4 * s, G F$
3NT = 5As \& 4+ヵs, GF
4* = Nat either 5-5 or 6-6, with 6-5 will bid 3^ first over $3 \uparrow$.
$4 \vee \quad=6 v+5 \uparrow$ weakfish hand, with $6 \uparrow \& 5+\varphi$ bid $4 \vee$ over 1NT
$4 \uparrow=18-21$ with 7-2-2-2 or 7-1-3-2 or 7-1-2-3.

## Note 11 : One Major - 1NT - 2NT (18-19) - ?

| 11.1 | $1 \checkmark$ | 1NT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2NT | 3* | $=$ TRF to * |
|  |  | 3 | $=$ TRF to $\downarrow$ ( can be with doubleton ) |
|  |  | $3 \vee$ | $=55 \mathrm{~m}$ |
|  |  | 3NT | = To Play |
|  |  | 3^ | $=\&$ suit, choice between 3 NT \& 5*. |
|  |  | 4*/4 | = Fit Showing |
| 11.2 | 1^ | 1NT |  |
|  | 2NT | 3* | $=$ TRF to ${ }^{*}$ |
|  |  | 3 - | $=$ TRF to $v$ |
|  |  | 3 | $=$ TRF to A (can be with doubleton) |
|  |  | 34 | = \& suit, choice between 3NT \& 5\% |
|  |  | 3NT | = To Play |
|  |  | 4*/* | $v=$ Fit Showing. |

## Note 12: One NT - 2D (Hearts or Both m) - ?

| 12.1 | 1NT | 2 * |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2 \vee$ |  | = Puppet to 2NT. |
|  |  |  | = INV with $\vee$ s . |
|  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { - }}{ }$ 54+, GF. |
| 12.2 | 1NT | 2 |  |
|  | $2 \checkmark$ | 2^ |  |
|  | 2NT |  | $=5 * s \& 4 * s, G F$ |
|  |  |  | $=5 \diamond s \& 4 \Leftrightarrow s, ~ G F$ |
|  |  |  | = 5-5, Both M, INV |
|  |  |  | $=6 \vee s \& 5 \wedge s, ~ G F$. |
|  |  |  | $=2-2-5-4$. NF, If you |

```
12.3 1NT
    2^ 2NT = 5%s & 4* s.
    3* = 5*s& 4&s.
    3* = Re-transfer.
    1NT
    2*
    2^ 2NT
    3* 3V = 1-3-4-5
    3A=3-1-4-5
    3NT = 2-2-4-5, NF. If you have more bid 4 or 5NT accordingly.
    1NT 2*
    2^ 3*
    3* 3v=1-3-5-4
    3^=3-1-5-4
    3NT = 2-2-5-4, NF. If you have more bid 4 or 5NT accordingly.
```


## Note 13 : One NT - 2S/2NT (TRF to C/D) - ?

```
13.1 1NT 2^
    2NT = Not a good hand for %
    3% = Good hand for %
    1NT 2^
    2NT }3\diamond/\vee/\curvearrowleft=SPL (after SPL, biding a M in 3 or 4 level shows 5 card of the M
    4* = set the suit, request to make cue
    4*/\vee/^ = EKC
    1NT 2^
    3* 3*/\vee/^ = SPL
        4% = set the suit, request to make cue
        4*/\vee/^ = EKC
    1NT 2^
    2NT/3* 3*/\vee/^ = SPL
    3M/4M = 5 card suit
13.2 1NT 2NT (Diamonds or both minors weak hand)
    3**& is longer than *
    3* = is longer than or equal to &
    1NT 2NT
    3*/3* 3V/^/4* = SPL
    3M/4M = 5 card suit
```


## Note 14 : Two Club Opening - ?

```
14.1 2* 2
    2^ = Asking responder to bid 2^ (Kokish)
    2& = suit GF
    2NT = 6+ GF
    3& = 6+ GF
    3* = 5+ and 4+& GF
    3v = Any 4441 GF
    34 = 25-26 HCP Balanced Hand
    3NT = Long m with lesser than 22 HCP, likely having 9 trick in hand
    4m = Epsilon in that m
    4M = To Play with long M, lesser than 22 HCP
    4NT = 29-30 HCP Balanced Hand
    5m}=\mathrm{ To Play with long m, lesser than 22 HCP
    5M = Epsilon in that M
```

14.2 2
2- 2 2 = Puppet
2NT = 7-carder any suit (like Axxxxxx or Kxxxxxx, may have J)
3* $=6+$ *
3- $=6+\downarrow$
$3 \boldsymbol{r}=6+$
34 $=6+2$
14.3 2 2

2NT $=22-24$ HCP Balanced Hand
3* $=\vee+$ GF
3* = $\downarrow+$ GF
3 $v=6+\vee$ primarily choice between 3NT and 4 $\downarrow$
3 $\boldsymbol{\wedge}=5+\vee$ and $4+$ +
3NT $=27-28$ Balanced
$4 \mathrm{~m}=$ Splinter in favor of $\varphi$
$4 \vee=$ To Play
4. $=$ EKC in favor of $\vee$
4NT = 31-32 HCP Balanced Hand.
$5 \mathrm{~m}=\mathrm{EKC}$ in favor of $\vee$

### 14.4 2* 2 OR 2N

2v 2NT
3* 3 - $=6+\downarrow$
$3 \boldsymbol{r}=6+\boldsymbol{t}$
34 $=6+2$
3NT= 6+ *

## Note 15 : Intervention by Opponents over 1minor Opening

### 15.1 OVER TAKE OUT DOUBLE

1 m (X) RDBL = Good 9+, primarily interested in penalty with the ability to double atleast two of the unbid suits by himself. After RDBL pass is F from both hand upto 2A, so with a bad hand opener needs to bid immediately, any delayed action shows a good hand.
Raise to $2=5-10,4+$ support.
Raise to $3=M R$.
2NT = Natural inv
$\left.\begin{array}{lll}1 * & (X) & 2 * \\ 1 * & (X) & 3 \star\end{array}\right\}=L R+$.
1* (X) 4* $\}$ = Fit-showing
1* (X) $3 *$
$1 \mathrm{~m} \quad(\mathrm{X}) \quad 2 \vee=4+\vee+5+6-9 \mathrm{HCP}$.
2 $\uparrow=4+\downarrow+5$ 10-11 HCP.
$3 \mathrm{Y}=$ Fit-Showing.
1* (X) $2 \boldsymbol{*}=\mathrm{NAT}, \mathrm{F}$.

### 15.2 OVER 1-LEVEL SUIT OVERCALL

Double = NEG.
Cue $\quad=L R+($ Except on 1 $\mathrm{O} / \mathrm{C})$.
Jump cue $=$ SPL.
4M = To play.
2NT = NAT INV

1* $\quad(1 *) \quad X \quad=$ Both $M$ at least 4-4
$2 \vee=5+\& 4+\vee, 6-8$.
$2 \uparrow=5+\& 4+\bullet, 9-11$.
$3 Y=$ Fit Showing
3\% = MR

### 15.3 AFTER 1A OVERCALL

1m (1~) X = NEG, may not have 4V
1NT = TRF to *, shows \& or \& support
2* = TRF to *, shows $\$$ s or * support
2 = TRF to $\vee$, INV or better hand
2 $\quad=5+\varphi, N F$
2^ = Cue bid, other two suits 5-5 INV

### 15.4 OVER 1NT OVERCALL

1 m (1NT) X = Penalty
2\% = Landy, opener will bid $2 \star$, if he has equal length in Ms
2• = NAT, NF
$2 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{NAT}, \mathrm{NF}$
2NT = Any two suiter 8+, opener will bid 3* to know the suits and responder will start to show the suits from cheapest level
3 m = Preemptive if Bid m, INV if Om
$3 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{NAT}$, INV

### 15.5 OVER 2-LEVEL JUMP OVERCALLS



## Note 16 : Intervention by Opponents over 1Major Opening

### 16.1 OVER TAKE OUT DOUBLE

1v (X) 1NT = $5+$ \& suit, $6+$ HCP
$2 \%=5+$ suit, $6+$ HCP
$2 *=3+\vee, 8+\mathrm{HCP}$
2४ = 3+४, 4-7 HCP
24 = Either JORDON raise, limit raise or higher with 4+ trump or responder has a singleton with and 4 card support

| $1 \checkmark$ | (X) | 24 (P) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2NT(Enq) | (P) | 3* $=$ singleton 8-10 |
|  |  | $3 *=$ singleton 8-10 |
|  |  | $3 \vee=4$ card LR |
|  |  | $3 \pm=$ singleton with GF hand |
|  |  | $4 * / *$ singleton with GF hand |
|  |  | $4 \checkmark=4$ card $\vee$ GF, no singleton |

2NT = Fit showing in
$3 \star / 3 \bullet / 3 \uparrow / 4 \star / 4 \star=$ Fit showing
34 = MR
4 4 = preemptive raise

1^ (X) 1NT $=5+\infty$ suit, $6+$ h.c.p
2* $=5+$ suit, $6+$ h.c.p
2 $\downarrow=5+\uparrow$ suit, $6+$ h.c.p
$2 \boldsymbol{}=3+\uparrow, 8+$ h.c.p
$2 \boldsymbol{n}=3+\varphi, 4-7$ h.c. $p$
2NT = Either JORDON raise, limit raise or higher with 4+ trump Or responder has a singleton with and 4 card support

| 14. | (X) | 2NT (P) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3*(Enq) | (P) | $3 \star=$ singleton 8-10 |
|  |  | $3 \boldsymbol{\top} \boldsymbol{\top}$ singleton 8 -10 |
|  |  | 34 $=4$ card LR |
|  |  | $4 \boldsymbol{e} / \diamond / \vee=\text { singleton } v$ |

$3 \star / 3 \bullet / 3 \vee / 4 c / 4 \diamond / 4 \Downarrow=$ Fit showing
$3 \uparrow=M R$
4^ = preemptive raise

### 16.2 OVER 1-LEVEL SUIT OVERCALL

| Double | $=$ NEG. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4 M | $=$ To play. |

19
(1ヶ)

| 1NT | $=$ TRF to *s |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2\% | $=$ TRF to $\mathrm{s}^{\text {s }}$ |
| 2 * | = $8+\mathrm{hcp}, 3 / 4 \mathrm{vs}$. |
| $2 \vee$ | = Weak raise. |
| 24 | = Cue bid, 5-5+ minors, INV+. |
| 3 m | = Fit showing. |
| 34 | = Jump Cue bid, Splinter. |

### 16.3 OVER 1-NT OVERCALL

| Double | $=$ Penalty. |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2 *$ | $=5+$ in other $M, 2 / 3$ card in opener's $M$. |
| 2 | $=8+$ hcp, $3+$ in partner's $M$. |
| $2 M$ | $=$ NAT, NF. |
| 3 of partner's $M$ | $=$ Distributional raise. |
| $3 \mathrm{~m} / O M$ | $=$ NAT, INV. |

### 16.4 OVER NATURAL 2-LEVEL OVERCALL

| $1 \checkmark$ | (2*) | 2 * | = GF unless rebid. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $2 \vee$ | = To play |
|  |  | $2 \wedge$ | = GF unless rebid. |
|  |  | 2NT | $=L R+$ in $\varphi, 4+\bullet$ |
|  |  | 3* | $=L R+$ in $\varphi, 3+\vee$ |
|  |  | 3 | = Fit Showing |
|  |  | $3 \wedge$ | = NAT Preemptive |
|  |  | 30 | $=6-8 \mathrm{hcp}, \mathrm{MR}$. |
|  |  | 4* | = SPL. |
| 14 | $(2 *)$ | $2 \vee$ | = To play |
|  |  | 2^ | = GF unless rebid. |
|  |  | 2NT | $=L R+$ in $\vee, 4+\vee$ |
|  |  | 3\% | $=\%$ suit, GF |
|  |  | 3. | $=L R+$ in $\varphi, 3+\varphi$ |
|  |  | 30 | $=6-8 \mathrm{hcp}, \mathrm{MR}$. |
|  |  | 34 | = NAT Preemptive |
|  |  | 4* | = Fit Showing |
|  |  | 4 | = SPL. |
| 14 | (2v) | 24 | = Simple Raise |
|  |  | 2NT | = INV or better with \& suit |
|  |  | 3\% | = INV or better with suit |
|  |  | 3 | = LR with 3 card Support |
|  |  | $3 \vee$ | = LR with 4 card Support |
|  |  | 34 | = Mixed Raise. |

## 16．5 OVER 2－LEVEL JUMP OVERCALLS

14

| （2＾） | DBL | ＝Negative |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2NT | $=\operatorname{lnv}$ or better in es |
|  | 30 | ＝Inv or better in＊ |
|  | 3 | $=$ Limit raise or higher in $\vee$ |
|  | $3 ¢$ | $=\mathrm{MR}$ or 9－10， 3 card $\downarrow$ ． |
|  | 34 | $=S p l$ ．in favour of $\downarrow$ ． |
|  | 3NT | ＝To play |

## 16．6 OVER UNUSUAL 2NT OVERCALL（Showing both minors）

Double $=10+$ ，catch all．
1v（2NT）3＊＝Inv or better in $\vee$
3．＝INV or Better in $\uparrow$
3४＝MR or 9－10 3 card $\vee$
$3 \wedge=A$ suit，$N F$
3NT＝To play．
$4 \% / *=S P L$ ．

1ヵ（2NT）3\＆＝INV or Better in $\downarrow$
3．＝inv or better in $\uparrow$
3 $\downarrow=\vee$ suit，NF
3ヶ＝MR or 9－10 3 card
3NT＝To play．
$4 \boldsymbol{*} / *=$ SPL．

## 16．7 OVER 2－SUITER CUE BID（OM and a UNKNOWN MINOR）

Double $=10+$ h．c．p．
2NT $=5+\infty$ suit，INV + ．
3ヵ $=5+$ suit，INV＋．
3NT＝NAT
Jump in a minor＝Fit showing
1•（2 $\boldsymbol{v}) \quad 2 \boldsymbol{\wedge}=3$ card limit raise or better $3 \star=4$ card limit raise or better

1ヵ（ $2 \uparrow$ ） 3 ＝$=3$ card limit raise or better
$3 v=4$ card limit raise or better

## 16．8 OVER 3－LEVEL PREEMPTIVE

Double $\quad=$ Tendency is negative．
$1 \checkmark$

$$
\text { (3ヵ) } \quad \begin{aligned}
3 N T & =\text { To play } \\
4 \star & =\text { Transfer to } \\
4 & =\text { Better than } 4 \downarrow \\
4 \downarrow & =\text { To play } \\
4 \uparrow & =\& \text { suit, better than } 5 \& \\
4 N T & =5-5+\&
\end{aligned}
$$

## Note 17 ：Intervention by Opponents over 1NT Opening

## 17．1 WHEN OPPONENT INTERFERES BY LANDY $2 \boldsymbol{*} / 2 \diamond$（Both Majors）

DBL＝Catch all，shows 8＋，subsequence double is penalty．
$2 *=$ Nat NF
$2 \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{INV}+\mathrm{in}$ \＆
$2 \boldsymbol{A}=I N V+$ in
2NT＝Balanced INV
3\％＝55m INV
$3 *=55 \mathrm{~m}$ F．
$3 \mathrm{M}=$ Bid M short 5－4 m
3NT＝To play
4\％＝6\％－4 Slamish
$4 \diamond=6 \uparrow-4 \boldsymbol{*}$ Slamish
4NT＝Quan

## 17．2 WHEN OPPONENT INTERFERES BY LANDY $2 \vee$（Both Majors）

DBL＝Either zone enquiry or single suiter weak．
$2 \boldsymbol{A}=I N V+$ in \＆
2NT＝INV＋in＊
Other bids same as above

## 17．3 WHEN OPPONENT INTERFERES BY 2 •（Single suiter Major）

```
X = Stayman
\(2 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{NF}\)
2NT/3ャ/৫/ \(\stackrel{\text { Rubensohl }}{ }\)
3NT = Play
```



```
\(4 \vee / \stackrel{\text { = To Play }}{ }\)
4NT = Quan
```


## 17．4 WHEN OPPONENT INTERFERES BY 2V／ム（Natural or Major and a minor）

Over 2ヶ Overcall：
$X=$ Zone enq／single suiter $m$ NF or GF hand with $\vee$ stopper and with no 4 card（dbl
then $3 N T$ after $2 N T$ showing GF hand with check）．Opener bids $2 N T / 3 \%$ with min／max．
2n＝NF
$2 N T / 3 * / 3 \vee=$ Rubensohl（TRF to next suit INV＋）
3－＝4ヵ no $\downarrow$ stopper
34＝No stopper no 4 card M
$3 N T=$ check +4 card $\boldsymbol{4}$
$4 m=6 m+4 \Phi$ slammish
$4 \vee=\operatorname{Tr}$ to 4
4ヵ＝To play
4NT＝Quan

## Over 2a Overcall:

$X \quad=$ Zone enq/single suiter $\mathrm{m} / \checkmark \mathrm{NF}$ or GF hand with stopper and with no 4 card $\vee$ (dbl then 3NT after 2NT showing GF hand with check). Opener bids 2NT/3* with min/max.
$2 N T / 3 \& / 3 *=$ Rubensohl (TRF to next suit INV +)
$3 \vee=$ No stopper no 4 card M
3ヘ $=4 \vee$ \& no stopper
3NT $=$ check +4 card $\downarrow$
4* $=6 m+4 \vee$ slammish ( bid $4 *$ over to know the $m$ )
4* $=$ Trfto $\vee$
$4 \vee=$ To play
4NT = Quan

### 17.5 WHEN OPPONENT DOUBLE STAYMAN 2』

1NT
P
$2 \%$
X
?
$X X=$ Interest in playing there
$2 \diamond=5 *$ s with or with out stopper
$2 \mathrm{M}=$ NAT with \& stopper
2NT = 5vs without \& stopper
3\& = 5As without \& stopper
$3 v=5 v s$ with \& stopper
34 = 54s with stopper

| $1 N T$ | $P$ | $2 \&$ | $X$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $P$ | $P$ | $?$ |  |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { XX = Re-stayman } \\
& 2 \vee=\text { DONT } \\
& 2 \vee=\text { DONT } \\
& \text { 2NT = INV with \& stopper } \\
& 3 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{GF} \text { with } 54 \text { in } \mathrm{M} \text { ( } 5 \text { carder BM) } \\
& 4 \mathrm{~m}=64 \text {, in Ms, Slam INV } \\
& 4 \vee=6 \vee s \& 4 \text { As NF } \\
& 4 \wedge=6 \wedge s \& 4 \vee s, N F
\end{aligned}
$$

1NT
$P$
$?$

## Note 18 : Intervention by Opponents over 2C Opening

```
18.1 (Dbl) XX = Wants to play there
                All other bids carry the same meaning as if the double did not take place
18.2 (2X) \(\quad \mathrm{P} \quad=\) Either 0-bad 4 HCP or penalty in X
        \(\mathrm{Dbl}=4+\mathrm{HCP}\)
        \(2 Y=\) Natural 5+ HCP
        \(3 \mathrm{Y}=\) Natural \(5+\) HCP
        \(3 X=\) Both \(m\) if \(X\) is \(M\), Both \(M\) if \(X\) is \(m, 5+\) HCP
        4\& \(=\& \quad\) if \(X\) is \(m, ~ O M\) if \(X\) is a \(M 8+\) HCP
        4 \& if \(X\) is \(m, \& O M\) if \(X\) is a \(M 8+\) HCP
    2~ (2X) P/X (P)
    \(P=\) Wants to defend
    \(X=T / O\)
    2NT \(=\) 22-24 HCP balanced, having stopper in X
    \(2 \mathrm{Y}=\) Natural GF
    \(3 X=\) Both \(m\) if \(X\) is \(M\), Both \(M\) if \(X\) is \(m\)
    \(3 Y=\) Natural GF
    3NT = To Play
    4* = \& if \(X\) is \(m \& O M\) if \(X\) is a \(M\)
    \(4 \quad=\&\) if \(X\) is \(m, \& O M\) if \(X\) is a \(M\)
    \(4 \mathrm{M}=\) To Play
    4NT = Quantitative
    5m = To Play
```

18.3 2 (3X) $\quad P \quad 4+H C P$
Dbl $=0$ to bad 4 HCP
$3 Y=$ Natural $5+$ HCP
$4 Y=$ Natural $5+$ HCP if not jumped, otherwise vary bad jhand
$4 X=$ Both $m$ if $X$ is $M$, Both $M$ if $X$ is $m, 7+$ HCP
4* $=\& \vee$ if $X$ is $m$ \& $O M$ if $X$ is a $M+$ HCP
$4 *$ \& if $X$ is $m, \& O M$ if $X$ is a $M+H C P$

## Note 19 : Intervention by Opponents over 2M Opening

```
19.1 2M (X) XX = Shows single suiter hand and asks opener to bid 2M+1,
                                    on which responder will pass or will show his suit
    2/3Y=M raise with lead direction in the bid M
    2NT = Enquiry
    3M = 3+ M 0-13 HCP
    3NT = To Play
    4m = Fit Showing
    4M = To Play
    4NT = RKC in M
```

19.2 2M (2X) $\quad X \quad=$ Other two suits

2NT = Enquiry
3NT = To Play
3Y = Nat F
$3 X=$ Splinter
$4 \mathrm{~m}=$ Fit Showing
4M = To Play
4X = EKC
4NT = RKC
19.3 2M (3X) X = Penalty

3NT = To Play
$3 Y=$ Nat $F$
4X = Splinter
$4 \mathrm{~m}=$ Fit Showing
4BM = To Play
4OM = To Play
$4 N T=$ RKC

## Note 20 : Responses after T/O DBL when Opponent Opens

### 20.1 T/O Double at 1 Level :

T/O at 1 level promises at least 10 HCP and at least 3 cards in all 3 other suits.( can have 2 cards in an unbid $m$ in an exceptional case ). In case double on 1 M the doubler can have 5 card $\& 4$ card other major( but should have atleast doubleton $\&$ ). If doubler's partner bids $2 *$ then $2 *$ bid by doubler shows $5 \star+4$ OM with $15+$ HCP.
(1X) X ( P ) $1 \mathrm{Y}=0-8$ HCP generally with at least 4card ( can be 3 card with lesser HCP )
1NT $=6-10$ HCP with stopper in Bid suit
$2 Y=8-11 \mathrm{HCP}$ minimum 4 card if jumped, if not jumped then $0-8$
HCP.
$2 X=$ Any GF hand or both $m$ ( $\min 4-4$ )INV if $X$ is $M$ or in case when $X$ is a $m$ then primarily promises both M with $8+$ or otherwise it can be any $G F$ hand
$2 \mathrm{NT}=$ Balanced 11-12 HCP with stopper in the bid suit
$3 Y=8-11 \mathrm{HCP}$ with $4+$ card in case of single jump, preemptive in case of double jump
$3 X=$ If $X$ is a $m$ it promises $5-5 \mathrm{M}$ with INV strength, if X is a M then both m INV
3NT = To Play
4* = Shows both $M$ in case of $X$ is a $m$, otherwise preemptive
(1*) $X$ ( P ) 4 (both $M$ )
(P) 4ャ/マ=Trf to $\vee / \stackrel{\wedge}{ }$

The main idea here is that opener should be on lead.
$4 \star=$ Preemptive if $X$ is not $\diamond$, if $X$ is then this bid does not exist
$4 \mathrm{M}=$ To play, if it is a jump cue then spl
$4 N T=$ Both $m$ if $X$ is a $M$ otherwise non existent
(1X) $X \quad(X X) \quad P=$ No choice
1Y = Generally 4 card
1NT = Two Suiter
2X = Exposing Psych
$2 \mathrm{Y}=$ Natural if not jumped otherwise preemptive
2NT = exposing psych
$3 X=$ Both $M$ if $X$ is $m$ Both $m$ if $X$ is $M$
$3 \mathrm{Y}=$ Preemptive
3NT = To Play
$4 \mathrm{X}=$ Both M if X is m Both m if X is M
$4 \mathrm{Y}=$ Preemptive
(1X) $X$ (1Y) $X \quad=$ Penalty
$1 Z=4+$ suit with 5-8 HCP
1NT= To Play
$2 X=$ Any $G F$ hand or both $m(44 \mathrm{~min})$ INV if $X$ is $M$ or in case when $X$ is a $m$ then primarily promises both M with $8+$ or otherwise it can be any GF hand
$2 Y=$ Other two suits INV
$2 Z=8-11$ HCP minimum 4 card if jumped, if not jumped then 5-8 HCP.
2NT= Natural
$3 Z=I N V$ if single jump, double jump is preemptive.
(1X) X (1NT) $\mathrm{X}=$ Responsive if NT is natural if $1 N T$ is transfer then it promises other two suit
$2 \mathrm{X}=$ If 1 NT is natural or raise in the opener's suit then any GF hand or both m ( 44 min ) INV if X is M or in case when X is a m then primarily promises both $M$ with $8+$ or otherwise it can be any GF hand. If 1 NT transfer to a new suit then it shows other two suits INV or any GF hand
$2 Y=4+$ suit with $5-8 \mathrm{HCP}$
2NT= Two Suiter INV if righty's 1NT is natural otherwise Natural
$3 X=$ Both $M$ if $X$ is $m$ Both $m$ if $X$ is $M$, if one NT was transfer to a new suit then it promises other two suits
$3 Y=$ Natural INV
(1X) $\mathrm{X} \quad$ (2X) $\quad \mathrm{X}=$ Responsive, can be of 3 types:

1) It can be any two suits if 3 suits are available at the same level.
2) It will be specific two suits if only two suits are available at that level
3) If only one suit is available at that level then it shows other two suits ( those are not available in that level )
$2 \mathrm{Y}=4+$ card 5-8 HCP
$2 \mathrm{NT}=$ Lebensohl, if X is then 2 NT is Natural
$3 X=$ Any GF hand
3Y = Natural INV
3NT = To Play without stopper
4* = Shows both $M$ in case of $X$ is a $m$, otherwise preemptive
$4 \star=$ Preemptive if $X$ is not $\diamond$, if $X$ is then this bid does not exist
$4 \mathrm{M}=$ To play, if it is a jump cue then spl
$4 \mathrm{NT}=$ Both m if X is a M otherwise non existent

### 20.2 T/O Double at 2 Level :

T/O at 2 level promises at least 11 HCP and at least 3cards in all 3 other suits.( can have 2 cards in an unbid $m$ in an exceptional case ) In case double on 2 M the doubler can have 5-4 shape. If doubler's partner bids 2NT then $3 X$ bid by doubler shows 5 card $X$ and 4 card in $Y$, ( $Y$ may not available in the same level )with $18+$ HCP.

```
(2&) X
(P) 2M = To Play 0-8 HCP
    2NT = Lebensohl, asks doubler to bid 3&.
        2NT 3&
        3* = stayman with $ stopper
        3M = 4 card M 9-11.
        3NT = To paly with stopper
    3% = suit 9-11 HCP
    3* = stayman without stopper or any GF hand
    3M = 9-11 HCP with 5 card suit
    3NT = Game Value with no 4 card M and with no stopper.
    4* = both M, doubler has to transfer his M, i.e 4* over 4*
        shows \vee, 4\vee over 4& show &
    4* = Both M, responder wants doubler to be declare.
    4M = To Play
(2v) X (P) 2& = 0-8 HCP 3+a
    2NT = Lebenshol, asks opener to bid 3&
        2NT 3&
        3* = suit 0-8 HCP
        3\vee = GF 4 card with v stopper
        34 = 4 card 9-11 HCP
        3NT= To play with }\vee\mathrm{ stopper
    3&/* = 9-11 HCP
    3\vee = GF 4 card without v stopper
    34 = 9-11 HCP with 5 card (
    3NT = Game value without 4 card and without v stopper
    4v = 4-1-4-4 Slamish
    4NT = Both m
(2^) X (P) 2NT = Lebenshol, asks opener to bid 3&
        2NT 3&
        3* = suit 0-8 HCP
        3v = v suit 0-8 HCP
        3^ = 4 card v GF with stopper
        3NT= To play with stopper
    3*/&/\vee = 9-11 HCP
    3^ = GF 4 card v without stopper
    3NT = Game value without 4 card v and without stopper
    4@ = 1-4-4-4 Slamish
    4NT = Both m
```


## Note 21 : Defense against Multi 2D Opening

21. $2 \wedge$ (Multi) - Dbl $=14-15$ or $19+$ balanced

2v = Natural
2 $\boldsymbol{2}=$ Natural
2NT = Balanced/Semi Balanced 16-18
3\% = Natural
3. = Natural

3v = Natural good suit
3^ = Natural good suit
3NT = To Play
4 = \& a Major
4 = \& a Major
$4 \vee / \uparrow=$ To play (must be preemptive in nature)
5\%/ = To Play

